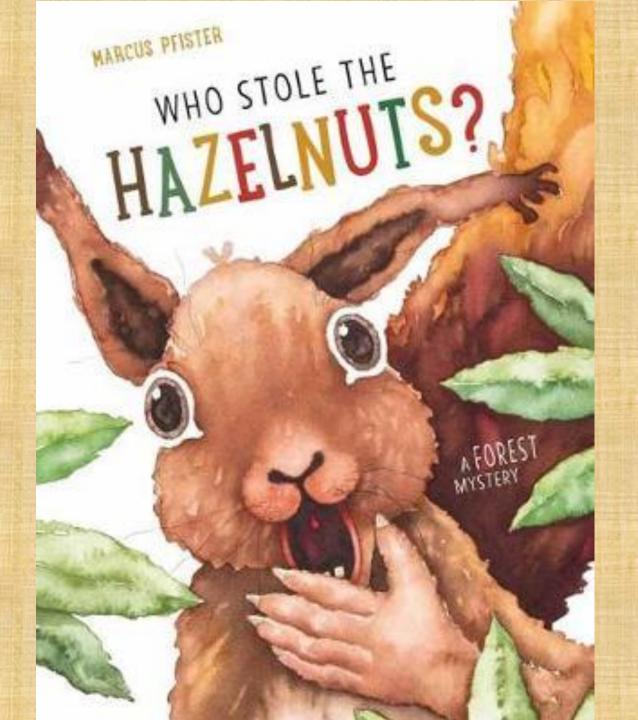
Squirrels like Hazelnuts!

Ariadna Chediack

UW-Madison Extension Bayfield County ariadna.chediack@wisc.edu







Not only rodents like hazelnuts...



Blue jays like them too!

More work to be done in the future...



https://www.flickr.com/photos/pontla/9194438843



https://freshwaters-arndt.photoshelter.com/galleryimage/Squirrels-Chipmunks











Variables that may influence the amount of rodent damage could be:

- Maturity of the hazelnuts
- Habitat conditions:
 - Distance to forested or shrubbed areas
 - Weeds
 - Type of soil
 - Availability of other desirable food source/s
- Time of harvest.
- Hazelnut plant structure.
- Presence of natural enemies.
- Variety of hazelnut cultivars.
- Or some more undetermined reasons to be studied ???

Our first approach was to measure

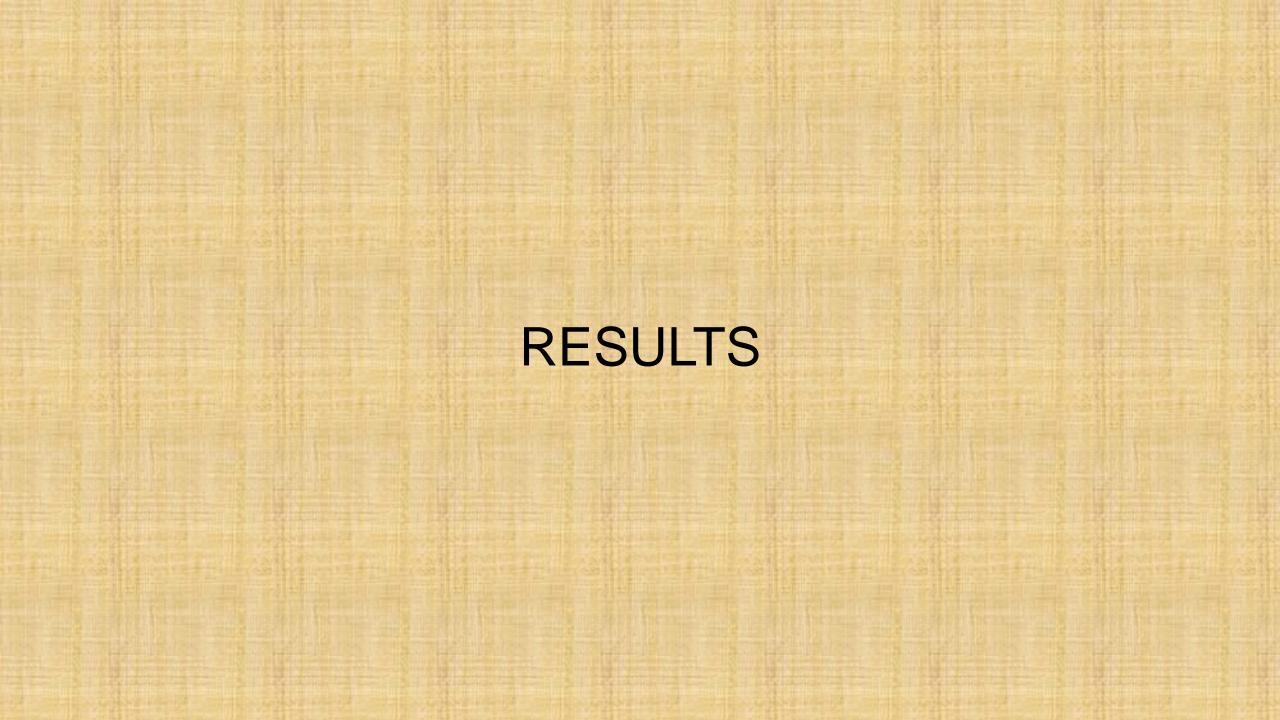
what % of the production is lost by rodent activity.

METHODS

Nuts are harvested when they are mature.

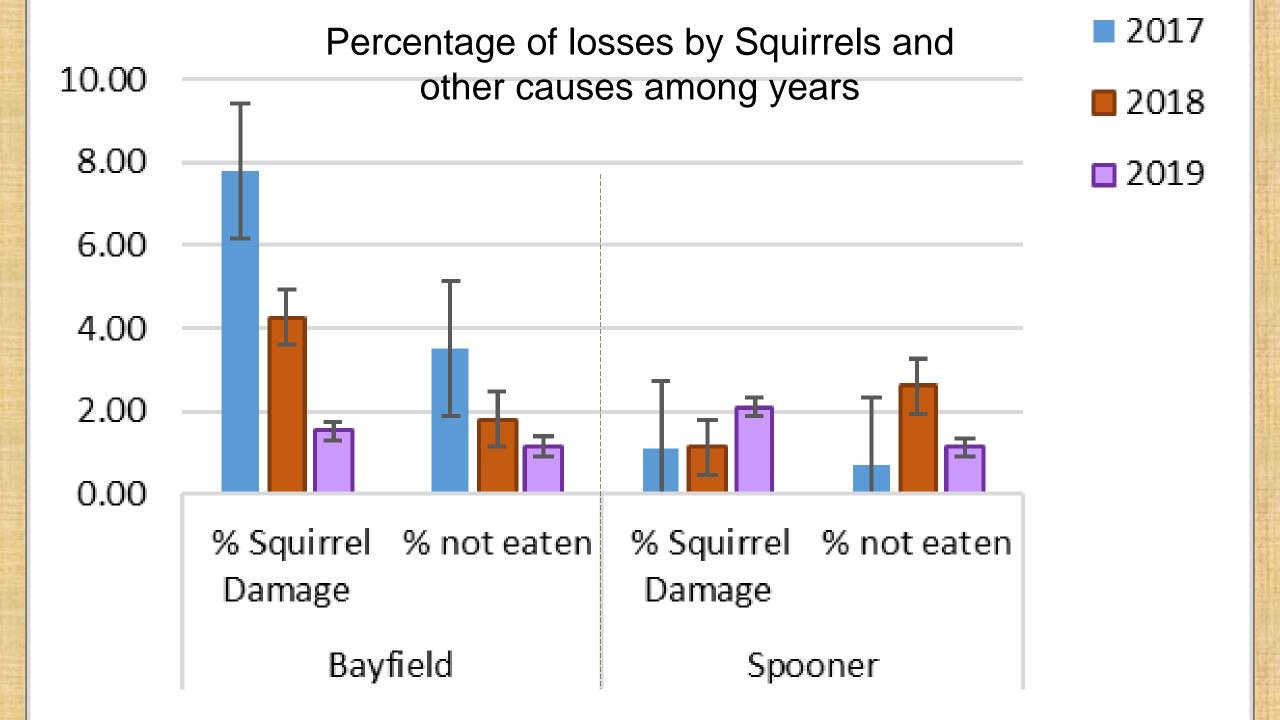
While harvesting count amount of:

- clusters harvested
- clusters eaten on the ground or plant
- clusters not eaten on the ground



Average of amount of clusters produced per plant, eaten by squirrels and lost by other causes

		2017		2018		2019	
		Avg. # clusters/plant	# plants	Avg. # clusters/plant	# plants	Avg. # clusters/plant	# plants
	produced	42.04		46.01		212.48	
Bayfield	eaten on the ground	2.15	161	1.47	213	1.79	108
	not eaten on the ground	1.22		0.58		0.85	
	produced	180.75		197.27		292.43	
Spooner	eaten on the ground	1.53	32	1.17	82	3.51	37
	not eaten on the ground	1.03		4.06		2.51	



Conclusions

- Overall, the % of damage by rodents was around 5%.
- Max. average rodent damage of 10.9% was recorded in Bayfield in 2017.
- 2017 was the year with the lowest production and the highest % damage by rodents, specially in Bayfield.

Conclusions

- The higher the production, the lower the % of lost by rodents.
- The % of nuts lost by rodents and other causes was similar. Other causes were mainly ripening and falling.
- We do not have enough data to conclude on the preference of Americana or hybrids genotypes. It seems to vary based on plant production and date of harvest.

Very special thanks to...

Genevive Adamski, who patiently counted all the clusters while harvesting!

Also thanks to:

Theresa LaChappelle
For helping with computer stuff

Jason Fischbach
For helping discussions

Questions ?

